

ABDM-Aligned Deterministic Metabolic CDSS at a digital metabolic clinic, Durg

Category: Digital Excellence

Focus Area: Clinical decision support systems and AI-enabled tools

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Problem Statement / Digital Challenge

Running a busy metabolic OPD in Durgâ€”seeing 40 to 60 patients dailyâ€”I kept hitting the same problems. Calculating basal metabolic rates and renal dose adjustments by hand during quick consultations is inherently error-prone; roughly 10% of calculations had arithmetic errors. Keeping up with diabetes literature consumed 10 hours of my week. Furthermore, my predominantly Hindi-speaking patients were leaving with complex English diet sheets, leading to poor adherence.

A digital solution was mandatory. While standard EMRs handled basic records, commercial AI calculators produced variable, inconsistent outputs and lacked the deterministic mathematical safety required for precise metabolic dosing.

The stakeholders most affected were me (facing severe cognitive burnout) and my patients (experiencing delayed retinopathy screenings and low adherence).

This directly impacted core NABH quality indicators: Clinical Care Quality (standardized protocols), Patient Safety (accurate risk prediction and zero-error dosing), and Patient Education (localized, comprehensible therapeutic interventions).

Digital Tool / Solution Implemented

The "Metabolic Command Center" operates as a dual-layer hybrid digital ecosystem.

Layer 1: The Patient Communication Pipeline. We utilize Eka Care, a highly secure, ABDM-compliant commercial EMR, to handle seamless Ayushman Bharat (ABHA) ID generation, pre-consultation health assessments, and secure WhatsApp-based remote patient monitoring (RPM) for glucometer uploads.

Layer 2: The Clinical Computation Engine. For complex metabolic calculations, where commercial AI tools lack deterministic safety, I custom-built and locally host a Python/Streamlit application. This 100% in-house engine functions as a deterministic physiological calculator, ensuring basal computations and renal dose adjustments are standard, logged, and reproducible with zero PHI leakage.

This hybrid approach merges enterprise-grade patient connectivity (WhatsApp delivery of 5,000+ prescriptions and localized Hindi infographics) with highly precise, proprietary clinical decision support, driving massive improvements in point-of-care efficiency and patient adherence.

Digital Implementation Highlight

This ecosystem was not a planned corporate rollout; it grew organically over a 12-month period, built iteratively in parallel with a full-time clinical practice to solve immediate point-of-care friction.

As the sole internal champion and clinical developer, I handled the end-to-end architectural design, Python coding, and clinical validation of the computation layer. Because the complex informatics run invisibly in the background of my consultation cockpit, staff training was highly targeted and minimally disruptive. Reception and administrative staff were trained strictly on utilizing the Eka Care platform for seamless ABHA ID enrollment protocols during patient intake.

If a hybrid model—merging a commercial EMR with a custom local clinical calculator—is possible in a single-physician practice in Tier-2 India without institutional IT support, it is highly replicable anywhere.

Digital Impact

Operationally, my workflow transformed. Ten hours of weekly literature review condensed to under thirty minutes. Diet chart generation dropped from 8–10 minutes per patient to under two. This recovered hours of clinical time weekly for face-to-face patient examination.

On quality and safety, manual calculation errors in metabolic prescriptions dropped to zero. Every computation is now logged, reproducible, and audit-ready. We also performed over 400 point-of-care retinopathy screens without waiting or dilation, catching early-stage findings.

For patients, WhatsApp-delivered Hindi infographics via my EMR converted complex prescriptions into actionable routines, engaging over more than 5,000 active patients.

This ecosystem directly supports NABH digital health certification by establishing documented, metric-driven compliance in health information management, medication safety, patient education, and continuous care tracking.

Key Enablers / Innovations

The primary enabler was the strategic adoption of a hybrid digital architecture. Rather than building a communication tool from scratch, we leveraged Eka Care EMR for secure, ABDM-compliant WhatsApp patient engagement. However, for clinical decision support, commercial AI tools produced inconsistent results. Therefore, we built our own proprietary computation engine locally using Python and Streamlit.

The core innovation is this architectural boundary: using enterprise EMRs for communication, while reserving critical clinical math for our deterministic, locally-hosted algorithms. This was a strict patient safety decision—a tool yielding

variable answers to the same query has no place in metabolic dose calculation.

The most significant challenge was time. Developing the Python computation ecosystem after clinic hours was grueling. However, integrating it with my EMR's seamless WhatsApp delivery pipeline created the ultimate force multiplier.

Key Learnings & Sustainability

Top Learning: The barrier to digital health in Tier-2 India is motivational, not technical. The tools (Python, Streamlit, PubMed APIs) are free; it simply requires a clinician willing to sit with the problem.

For other hospitals: Start with the single most painful part of your workflow and automate only that. Do not attempt a six-layer ecosystem on day one. Layer sequentially.

Sustainability is built into the architecture. By running on local hardware and leveraging a stable commercial EMR for front-end comms, there are zero recurring infrastructure costs beyond standard API and EMR usage, requiring no IT staff to maintain.

Supporting visuals uploaded include the Eka Care WhatsApp patient engagement flow and a schematic of the local Python computation architecture.

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Technical Documentation: Anthropic Claude API, PubMed E-utilities API, Streamlit
Open Source Framework, Python 3.11.